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Water Scarcity in the Serbian Danube:

Agricultural land use change and irrigation

Sean Woznicki
Annis Water Resources Institute
Grand Valley State University

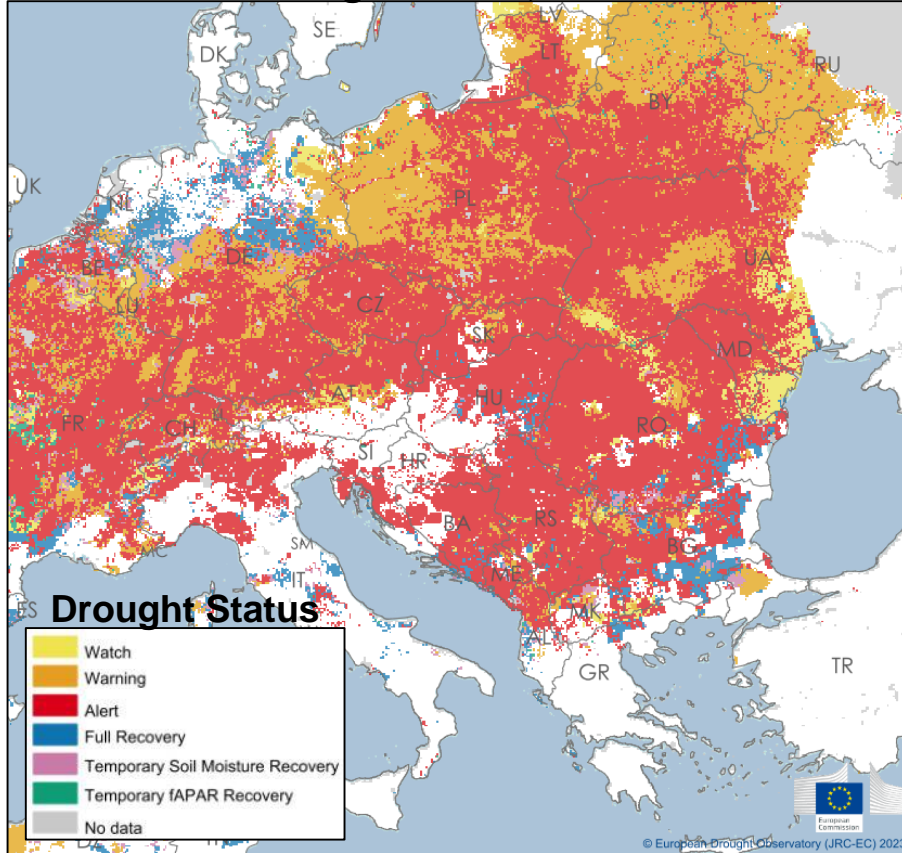
Co-Investigators: Matthew Gammans (MSU) and Tao Liu (MTU)
Collaborators: Oskar Marko (BioSense Institute) and Nishan Bhattarai (OU)

SCERIN Workshop, 27 June 2023

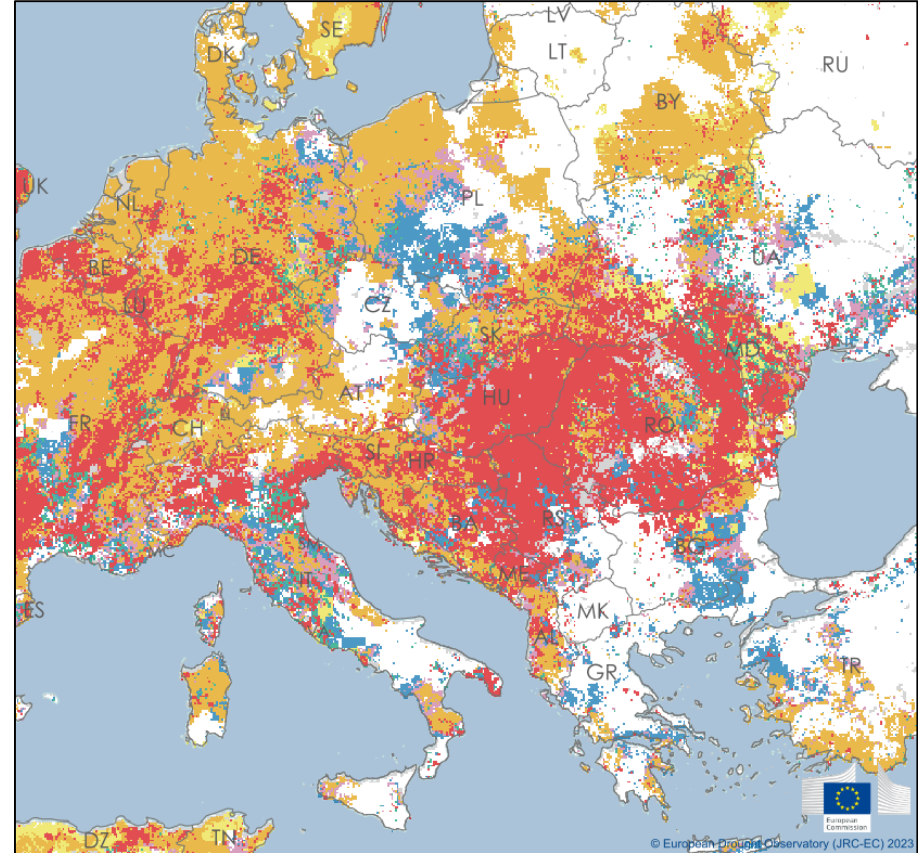


Recurring droughts in the Danube River Basin

August 10-20, 2015



August 10-20, 2022



Europe's Rivers, Starved by Drought, Reveal Shipwrecks, Relics and Bombs

August 23, 2022

The Danube River is running so low on water that the wreckage of German warships, sunk in 1944, has resurfaced, posing a danger to local ship traffic.

The Danube's dry riverbed (Banastor, Serbia)

Wreckage of a World War II German warship in the Danube (Prahovo, Serbia)

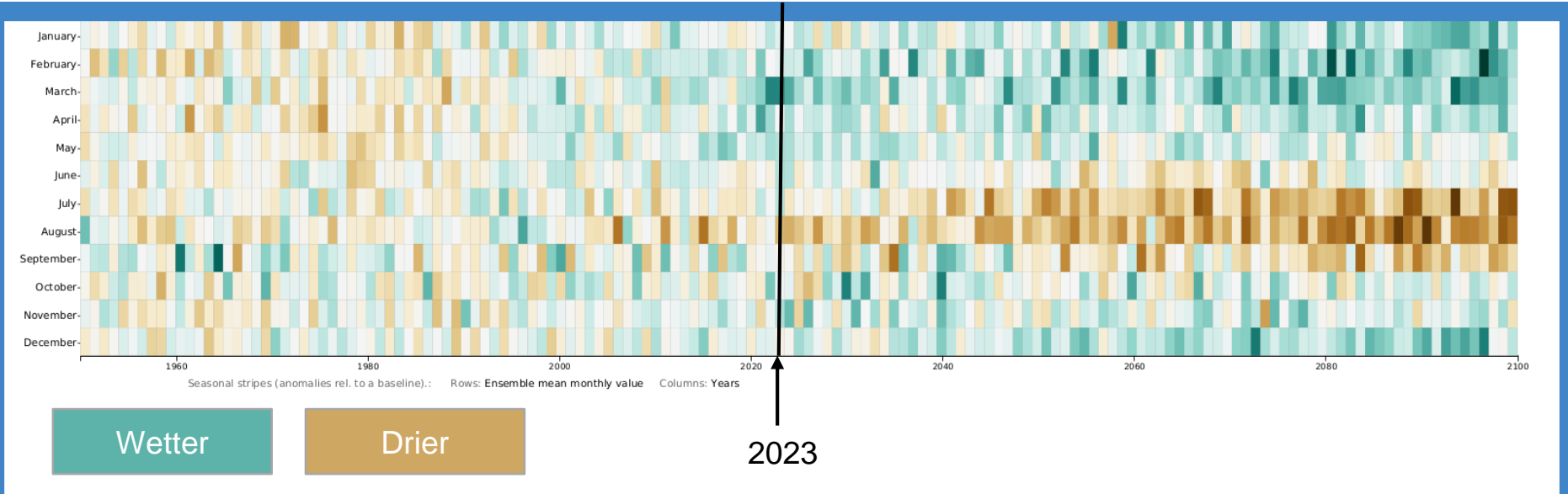


A warmer and drier Danube (in the growing season)

Summer precipitation declines of ~15% (2041-2060) compared to 1981-2010 baseline

Equivalent to a loss of ~1.5 in of rain

Increase in consecutive dry days

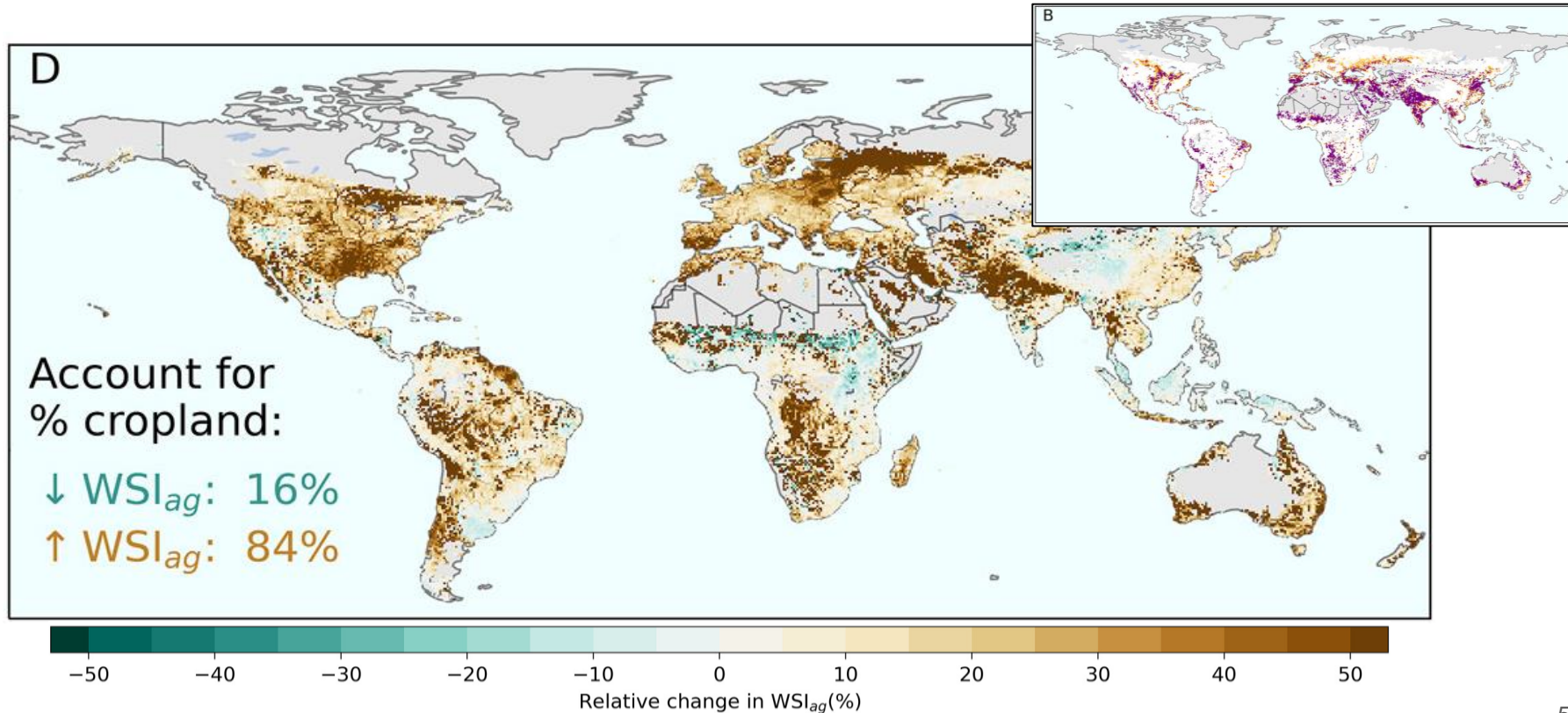


Total precipitation (PR) - Change (%)
SSP2-4.5 (rel. to 1981-2010)
CMIP6 - May to August (32 models)-Danube

Global water scarcity in major agricultural regions

Intensifying water scarcity will affect 80% of global cropland by 2050

Evapotranspiration demand outpaces green water (soil moisture) and blue water (surface and groundwater)



Serbian Agriculture, Water, and Policy

- Agricultural sector:
 - 10% of GDP, employs 21% of population
 - 5 million ha (70-120k ha irrigated)
 - 420,000 farms (most < 10 ha)
 - Maize, wheat, soy, sunflower, sugar beet
 - Complex rotations (3-4 crops)
- EU accession negotiations (2014-ongoing)
 - Changing agricultural policy
 - Access to EU single market
- Danube River Protection Convention
 - Transboundary water management
 - Sustainable use and protection of resources
 - 14/19 countries are full members (incl. Serbia)



Credit: Irrigation Strategy Serbia



Land and water management choices in a warmer and drier world

The producer

- What to plant? (Markets, yield, weather)
- When should I plant?
- Should I invest in irrigation?

The landscape

- How do these choices change the landscape?
- How do these choices affect water availability?
- Will this change in a warmer world?



Credit: Irrigation Strategy Serbia

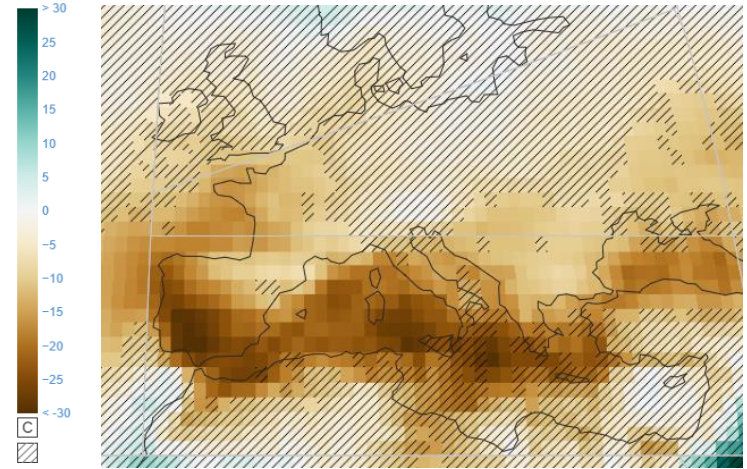


Research Questions

Overall objective: identify the dominant factors driving agricultural land use change in the Serbian Danube, and their relative influence on water availability

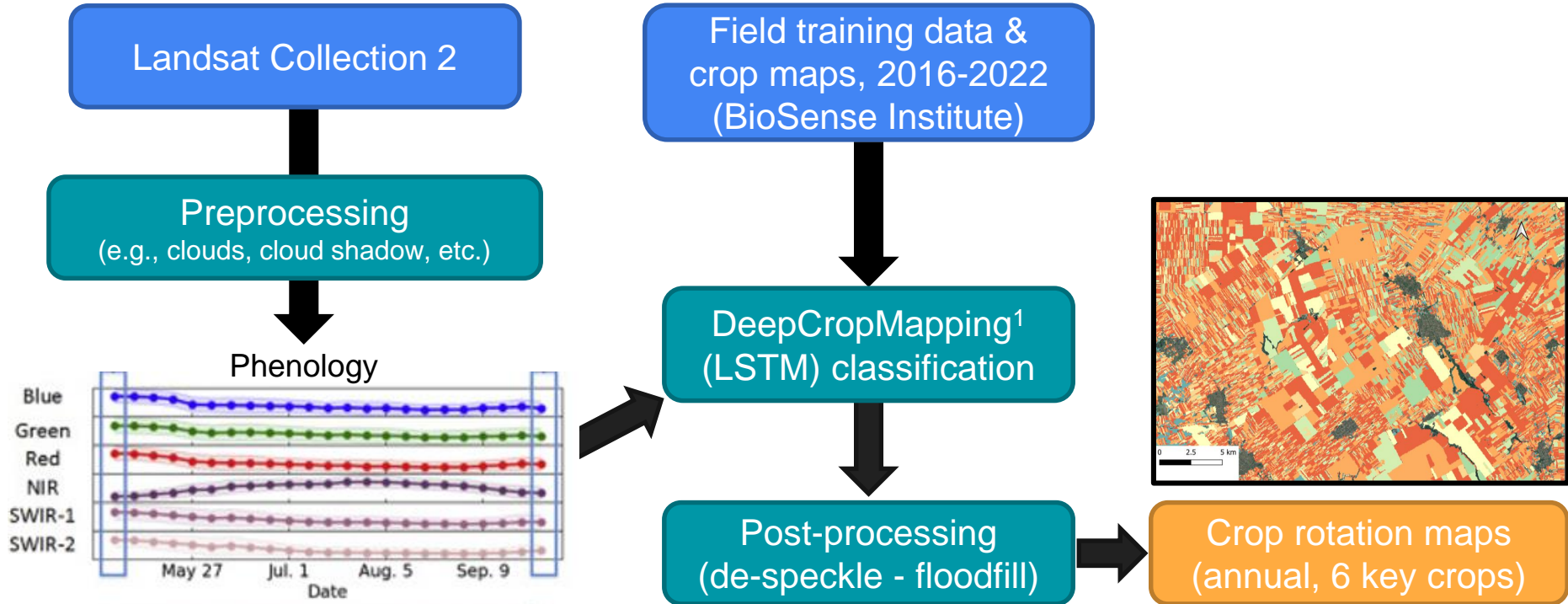
1. Shifts in crop rotations?
 - How do rotations change over time?
2. How is water availability and use changing?
 - 1992-present
 - Future: +1.5° C, +2° C
3. How do farmers respond in their decision-making?
 - Market prices
 - Weather
 - Investment in irrigation infrastructure?
4. How will climate change, water availability, and policy changes influence crop rotation and irrigation investment?

% Summer Precipitation Change (+2°C, CMIP6)



Q1: How do crop rotations change over time?

Objective: Create annual crop maps from 1992-2022

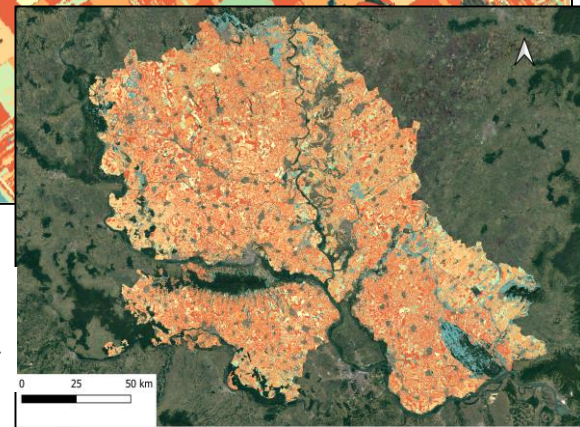
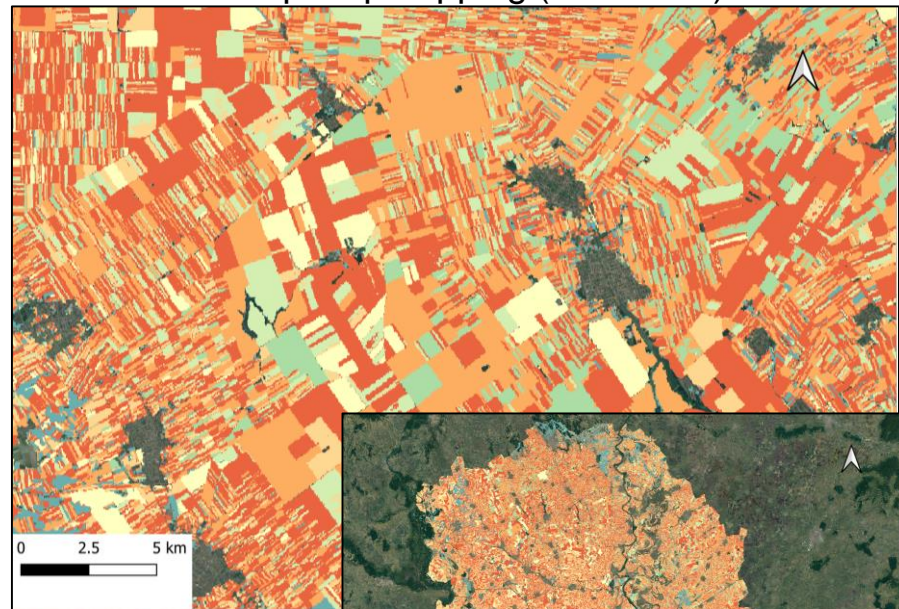


Q1: How do crop rotations change over time?

Ongoing and future work

- Classifier transferability
 - Annual maps to 1992
- Improved phenology representation
 - Not restricted to plant/harvest dates that vary annually and spatially
- Improved post-processing
 - Segmentation algorithms
 - SegmentAnything (Meta)

DeepCropMapping (Landsat 8)



Legend

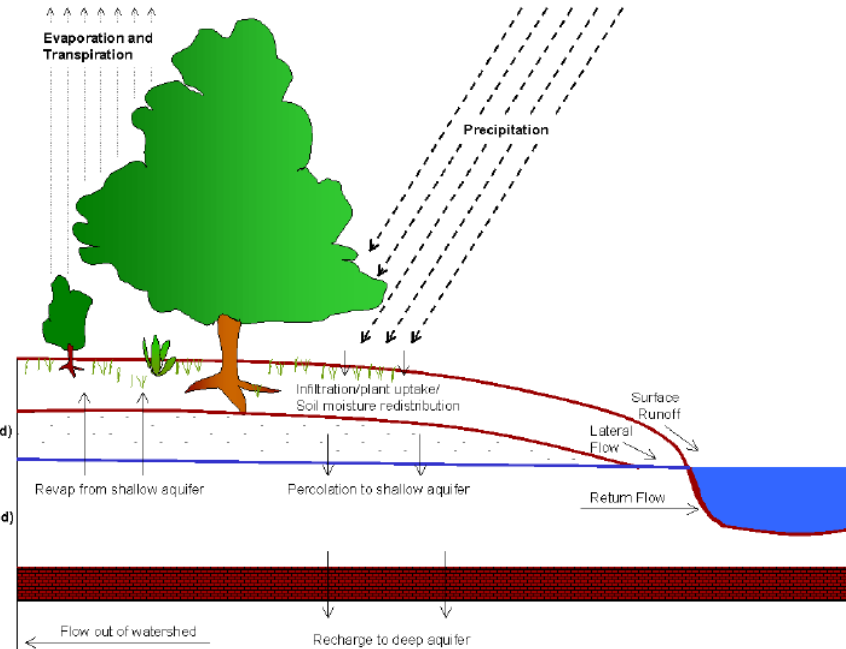
- Maize
- Wheat and Barley
- Soybean

- Sugar beet
- Sunflower
- Oilseed rape
- Other (Clover, Vegetables, Orchards, Vineyards, Pasture)
- Non-agricultural land (Urban, Water bodies, etc.)

Q2: How is water availability and water use changing?

Objective: Quantify and map water scarcity from 1992-present, and at + 2°C

- Process-based, distributed hydrological model
 - Water, N, and P cycles
 - Plant growth – yield estimates (EPIC)
- Daily weather time series
 - *Observed:* EU Copernicus E-OBS (1950-present)
 - *Future:* EURO-CORDEX ensemble (1981-2100)
- Agricultural practices
 - Crop rotations (from Q1 crop maps)
 - Irrigation (amount, frequency, source)
- Calibration and uncertainty analysis
 1. Global Runoff Data Centre discharge
 2. Annual country-level crop yield (RS Statistics)
 3. Remotely-sensed ET (PML_v2: GEE)

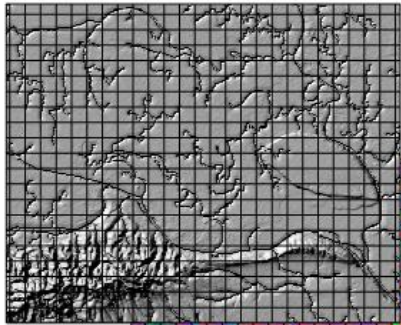


Q2: How is water availability and water use changing?

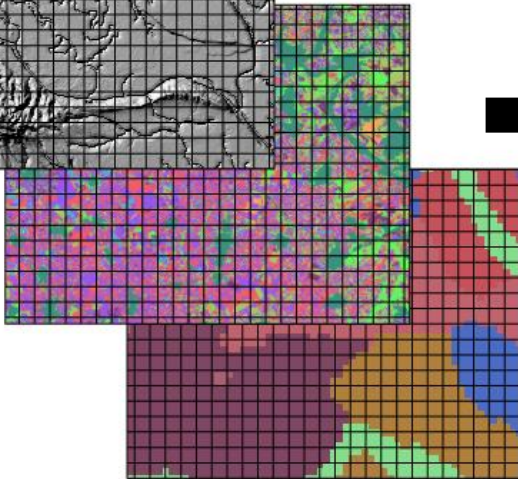
Model input data, parameterization, uncertainty

Simulate daily water balance
at each grid cell (1981-2100)

25m DEM

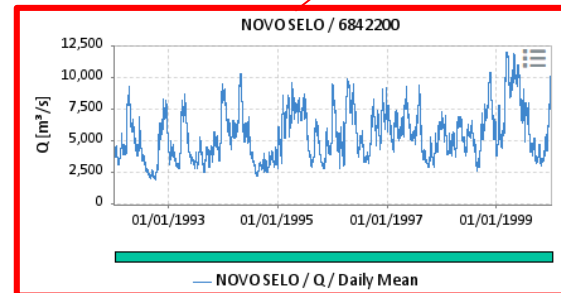
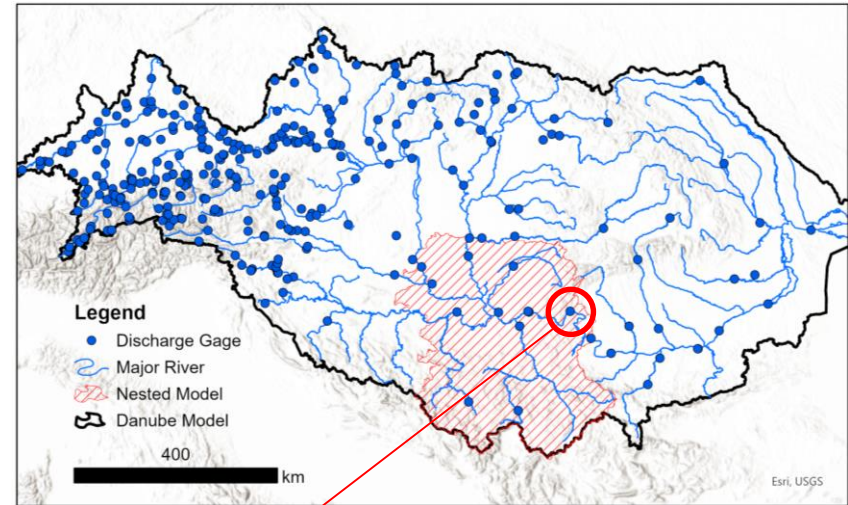


Crop maps



Harmonized World
Soil Database

Parameterize
2 km grid cells



Calibration and
uncertainty analysis

Q2: How is water availability and water use changing?

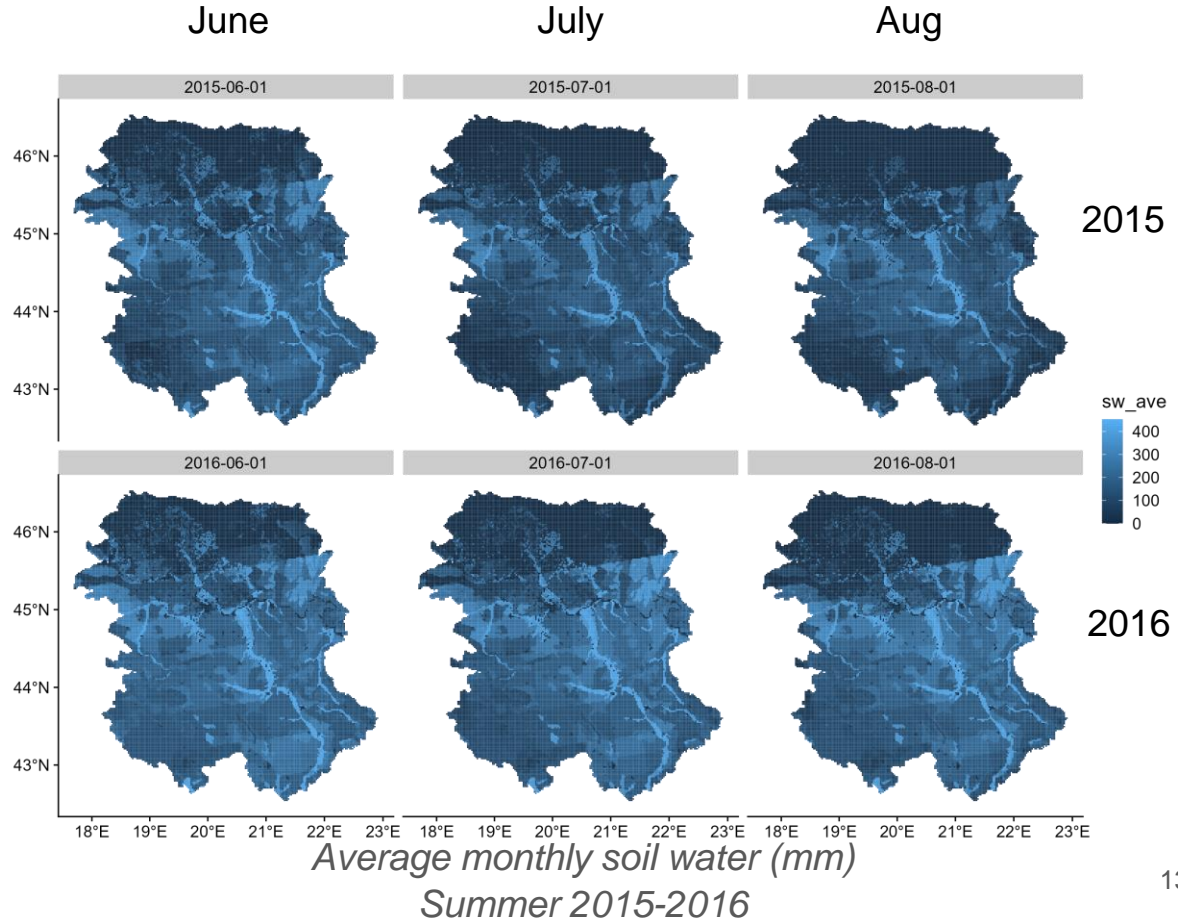
Ongoing and future work

Model evaluation (current)

- Integrate crop rotations
- Calibrate/validate
- Uncertainty analysis

Future climate runs

- EURO-CORDEX regional climate model
- 7 models/ 2 RCPs
- 1981-2100



Q3: What climatic, market, and policies influence crop choice and irrigation investment?

Objective: quantify how land use and irrigation decisions respond to commodity prices, weather, and socioeconomic trends

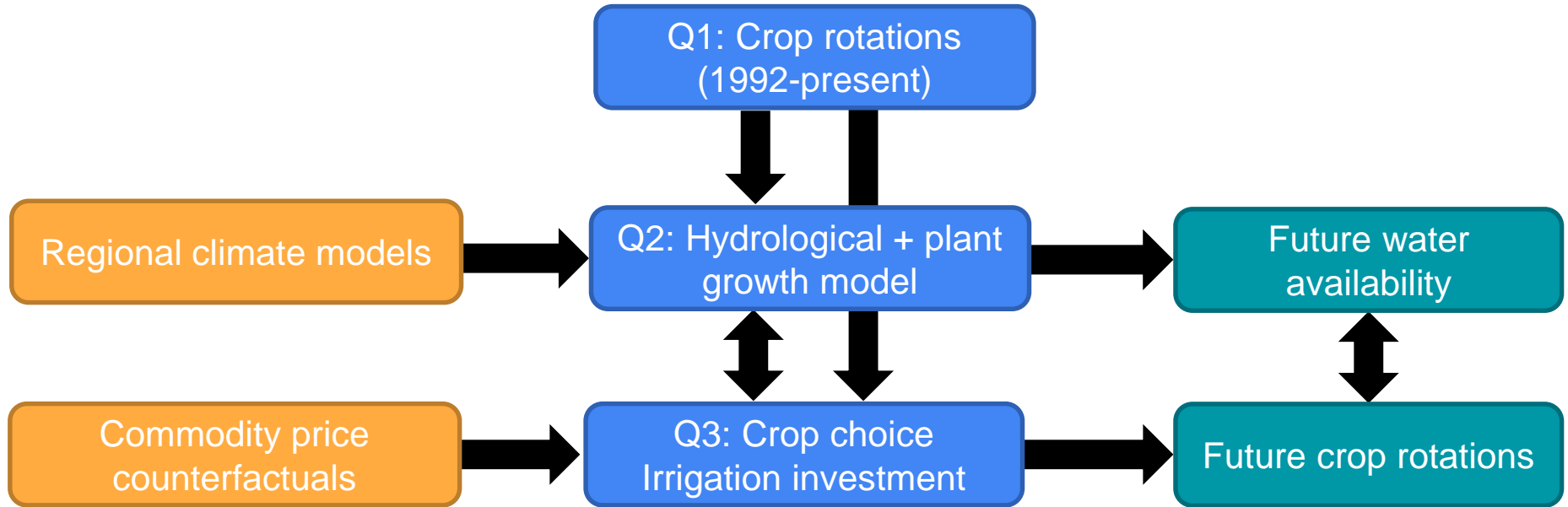
Markov transition matrix:
defines the rotation probabilities between any two crop types

		Year t+1 Crop			
		Maize	Soy	Wheat	Other.....
Year t Crop	Maize	$\hat{p}_m c_t=m$	$\hat{p}_s c_t=m$	$\hat{p}_w c_t=m$
	Soy	$\hat{p}_m c_t=s$	$\hat{p}_s c_t=s$	$\hat{p}_w c_t=s$
	Wheat	$\hat{p}_m c_t=w$	$\hat{p}_s c_t=w$	$\hat{p}_w c_t=w$
	Other...

- Crop specific switching costs: maize → (wheat is less costly than maize) → wheat
- $\hat{p}_m|c_t=m$ is the estimated probability of maize (m) in year t+1 IF field was maize in previous year
- Use multivariate regression to generate \hat{p}_m as a function of **prices, planting weather, soil, and water availability**

Q4: How does a warmer and drier Danube affect water availability ↔ cropping systems?

Objective: quantify future water availability/use and crop rotations in response to climate change



Significance and Impact

- Forecasts of future water scarcity and agricultural productivity/rotational changes
- Climate change impacts on the agricultural sector
 - Inform policy and decision-making related to public irrigation infrastructure and water use
- Does trade policy exacerbates or alleviate water scarcity issues?
 - EU affects prices in Serbia, which affects planting and water scarcity





Thank You!

woznicse@gvsu.edu

